# **Greater Victoria School District**

# Pay Transparency Report



The Greater Victoria School District is committed to pay transparency and helping close the gender pay gap.

# **Employer details**

Employer:	The Board of Education of School District No. 61 (Greater Victoria)
Address:	556 Boleskine Road, Victoria, BC
Reporting Year:	2025
Time Period:	July 1, 2024 - June 30, 2025
NAICS Code:	61 - Educational services
Number of Employees:	1000 or more



### Mean hourly pay gap<sup>1</sup>

\$*	1.00	Men
\$(	0.99	Women
\$0.82		Non-binary

In this organization women's average hourly wages are 1% less than men's and non-binary people's average hourly wages are 18% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in average hourly wages, women earn 99 cents and non-binary people earn 82 cents in average hourly wages. \*

#### Median hourly pay gap<sup>2</sup>



In this organization women's median hourly wages are 2% more than men's and non-binary people's median hourly wages are 23% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in median hourly wages, women earn \$1.02 and non-binary people earn 77 cents in median hourly wages. \*

#### **Explanatory notes**

- 1. "Mean hourly pay gap" refers to the differences in pay between gender groups calculated by average pay. Hourly pay does not include bonuses and overtime.
- 2. "Median hourly pay gap" refers to the differences in pay between gender groups calculated by the mid range of pay for each group. Hourly pay does not include bonuses and overtime.



#### Mean overtime pay <sup>3</sup>



In this organization women's average overtime pay is 32% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in average overtime pay, women earn 68 cents in average overtime pay. \*

#### Median overtime pay 4



In this organization women's median overtime pay is 44% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in median overtime pay, women earn 56 cents in median overtime pay. \*

## Mean overtime paid hours <sup>5</sup>

Difference as compared to reference group (Men)

Women	-8
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In this organization the average number of overtime hours worked by women was 8 less than by men. \*

### Median overtime paid hours <sup>6</sup>

Difference as compared to reference group (Men)

Women	-8

In this organization the median number of overtime hours worked by women was 8 less than by men. \*

### Percentage of employees in each gender category receiving overtime pay

9%	Men
2%	Womer

#### **Explanatory notes**

- 3. "Mean overtime pay" refers to overtime pay when averaged for each group.
- 4. "Median overtime pay" refers to the middle point of overtime pay for each group.
- 5. "Mean overtime paid hours" refers to the average number of hours of overtime worked for each group.
- 6. "Median overtime paid hours" refers to the middle point of number of overtime hours worked for each group.



# Mean bonus pay <sup>7</sup>

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.

#### Median bonus pay 8

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.

#### Percentage of employees in each gender category receiving bonus pay

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.



# Percentage of each gender in each pay quartile <sup>9</sup>

Upper hourly pay quartile (highest paid) † Men (30%) Women (70%) Upper middle hourly pay quartile † Men (24%) Women (76%) Men Women Lower middle hourly pay quartile † Non-binary Men (28%) Women (72%) Lowest hourly pay quartile (lowest paid) † Men (28%) Women (71%) Non-binary (1%)

In this organization, women occupy 70% of the highest paid jobs and 71% of the lowest paid jobs. Non-binary people occupy 1% of the lowest paid jobs.

† This pay quartile was reduced to suppress gender categories consisting of less than ten (10) employees.

#### **Data constraints**

The gap in the Mean hourly pay between employees who identify as Men or Women vs. those who identify as Non-Binary, is attributable to the small sample size and length of employment of the Non-Binary cohorts.

#### **Explanatory notes**

- 7. "Mean bonus pay" refers to bonus pay when averaged for each group.
- 8. "Median bonus pay" refers to the middle point of bonus pay for each group.
- 9. "Pay quartile" refers to the percentage of each gender within four equal sized groups based on their hourly pay.
- \* In accordance with the Pay Transparency Act and reporting rules designed to protect the anonymity and privacy of respondents, one or more gender categories has been excluded due to insufficient numbers to meet disclosure requirements.